



All You Need Are Two Switches

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Network Architect

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Who is Ivan Pepelnjak (@ioshints)

Past

- Kernel programmer, network OS and web developer
- Sysadmin, database admin, network engineer, CCIE
- Trainer, course developer, curriculum architect
- Team lead, CTO, business owner



Present

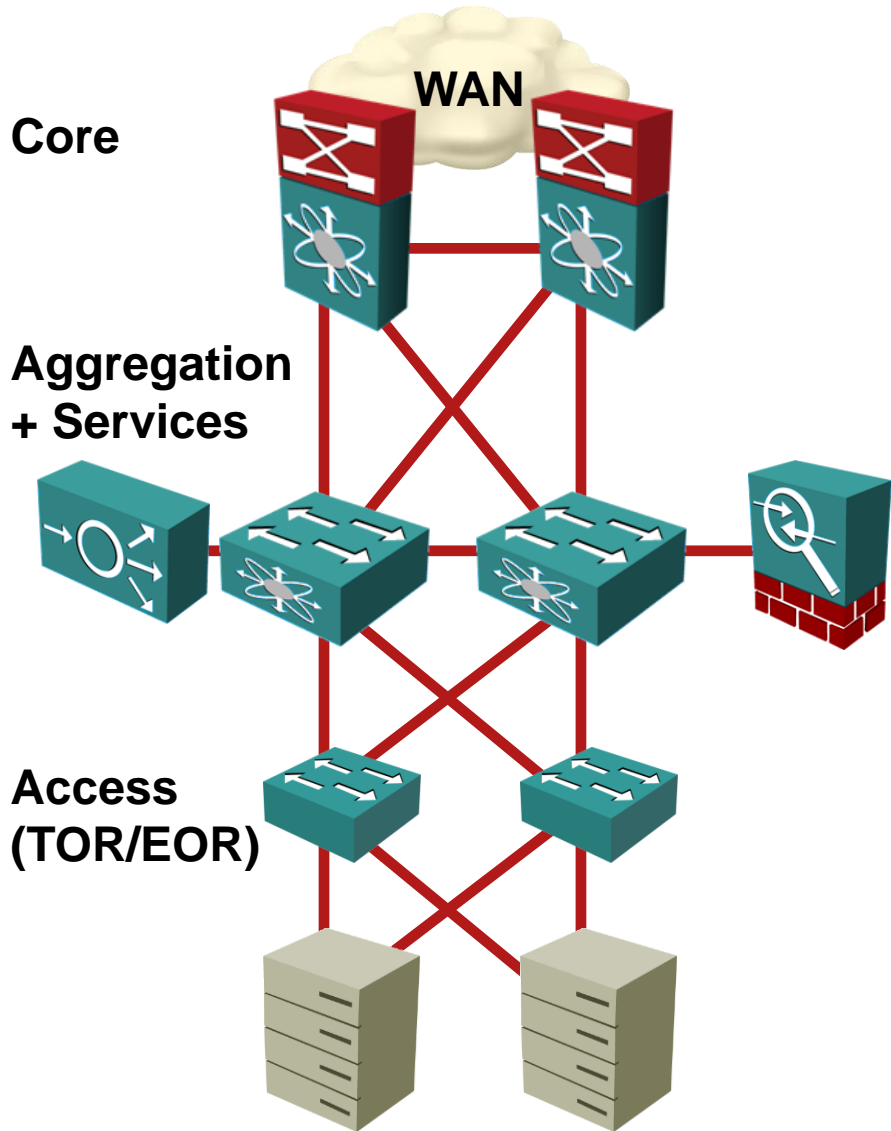
- Network architect, consultant, blogger, webinar and book author
- Teaching the art of Scalable Web Application Design

Focus

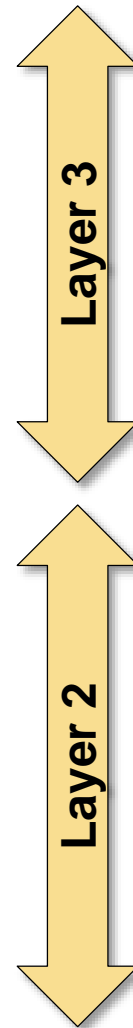
- Large-scale data centers, clouds and network virtualization
- Scalable application design
- Core IP routing/MPLS, IPv6, VPN



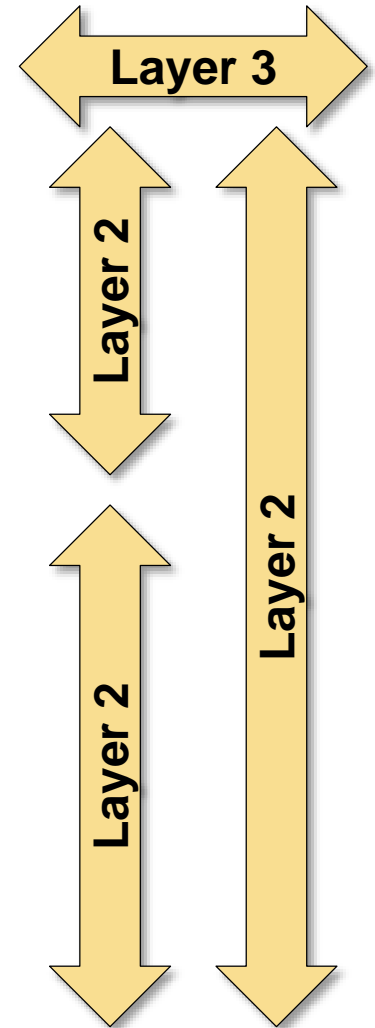
Data Center Network (cca 2010)



A



B



Virtualize the Servers

Rightsizing the Servers

Modern servers support large number of CPU cores

- Find a server model with optimum price-per-core
- Compute virtualization ratio (number of VMs per server) – 50+ VMs per server is reasonable
- Use RAM-per-core ratio (based on VM utilization data) to compute server RAM requirements
- Maximum RAM or # of cores might be the limiting factor
→ repeat as required



Ditch Legacy Technologies

1GE or 10GE uplinks? What I Recommended in 2012

Gigabit Ethernet

- + Well known, field tested
- + Copper cabling
- + NIC on motherboard

- Numerous NICs per hypervisor host (user data, vMotion, storage)
- No storage/networking convergence
- No lossless transport

10 Gigabit Ethernet

- + Much faster vMotion
- + Converged storage+network (FCoE or lossless iSCSI/NFS)
- + Reduce the number of NICs per server
- + Built-in QoS with ETS and PFC
- + Uses fiber cabling (lower energy consumption and error rate)
- More expensive
- Usually requires fiber cabling
- NICs/CNAs still sold @ price premium

1GE or 10GE uplinks? What I Recommend in 2014

10 GE uplinks (don't even think about 1GE anymore)

10GBASE-T in small deployments

- ToR switches (don't forget inter-switch links)
- Servers with 10GBASE-T LOM or Intel X540-T2 adapter

SFP+/QSFP deployments

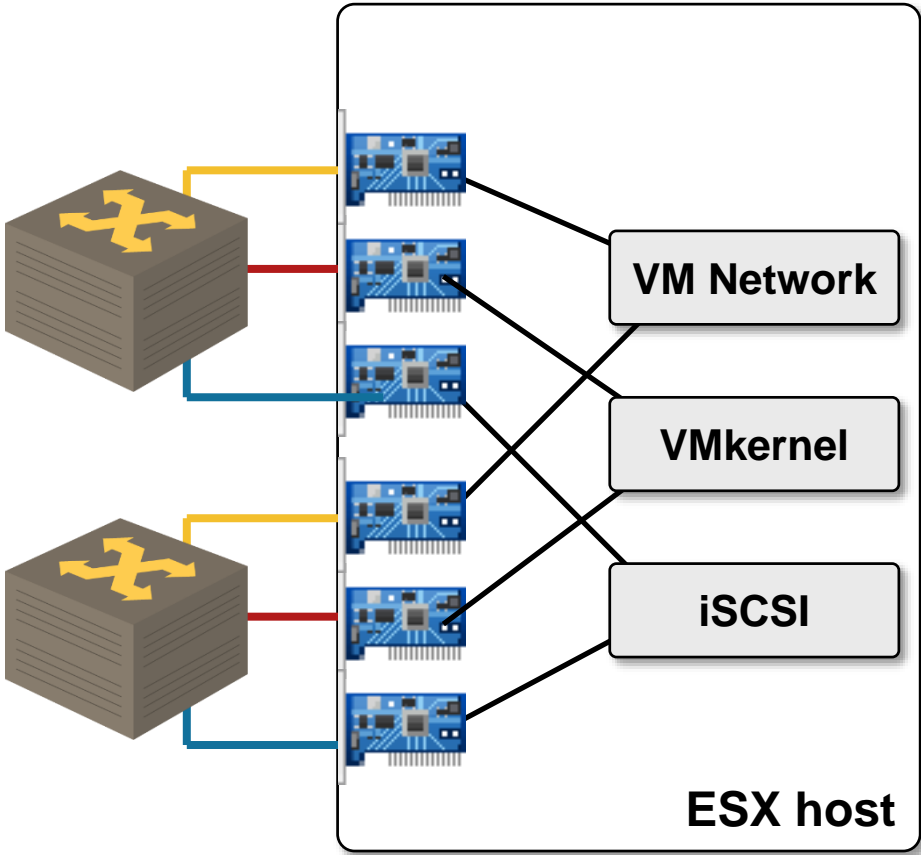
- Twinax SFP+ for short distances (when you need SFP+ connectivity)
- Fiber SFP+ for longer (inter-rack or inter-row) distances



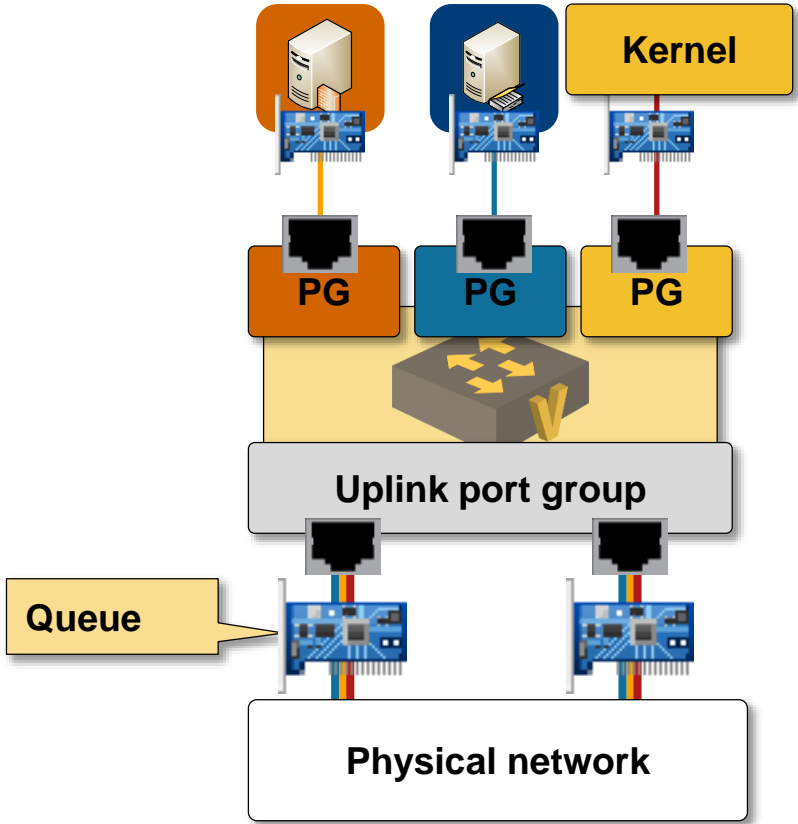
Images: Arista 7050T-64, Cisco 5548P, Cisco Twinax SFP+

Minimize Uplinks

Read the Latest vSphere Design Guide



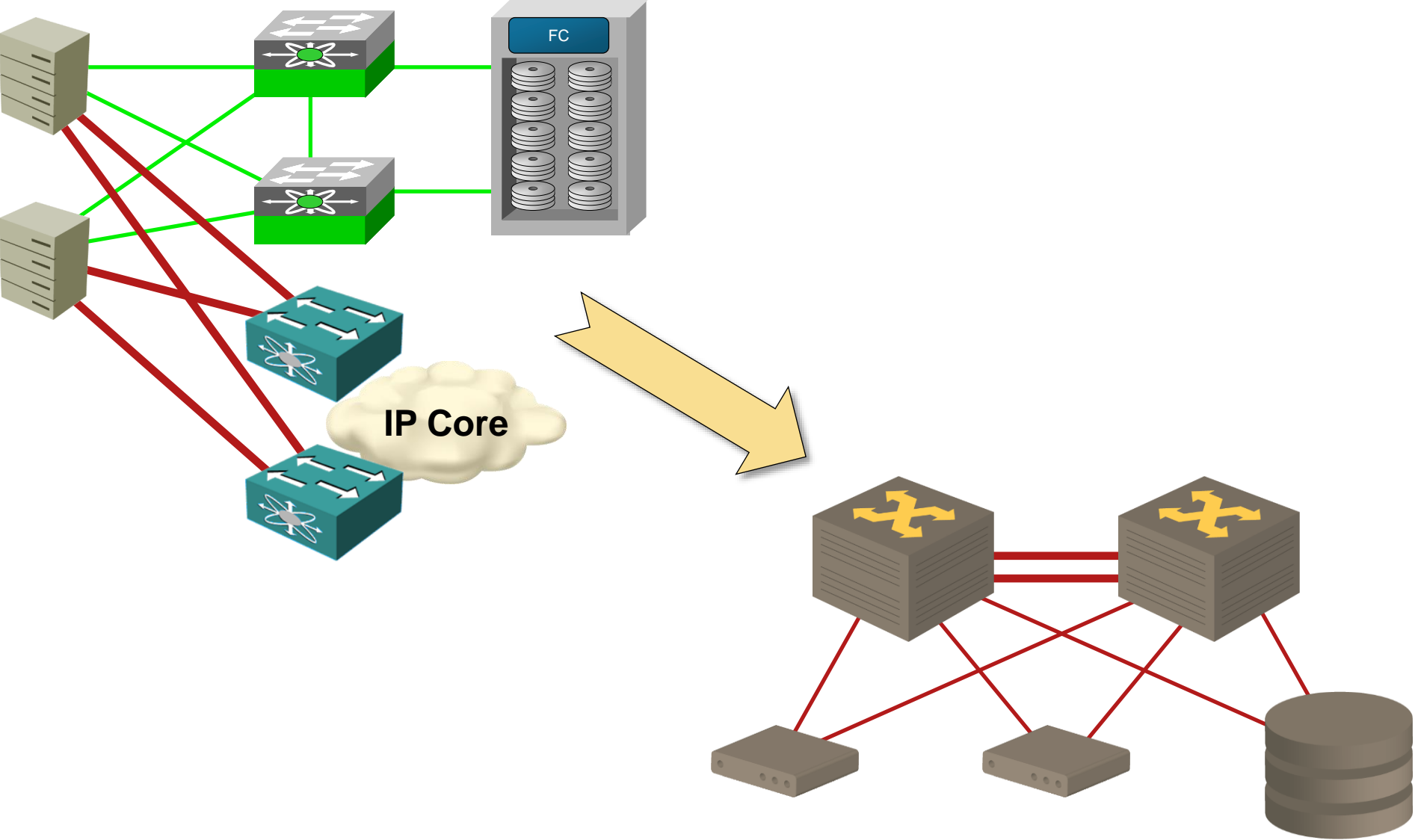
vSphere 4



vSphere 5+ (since 2011)

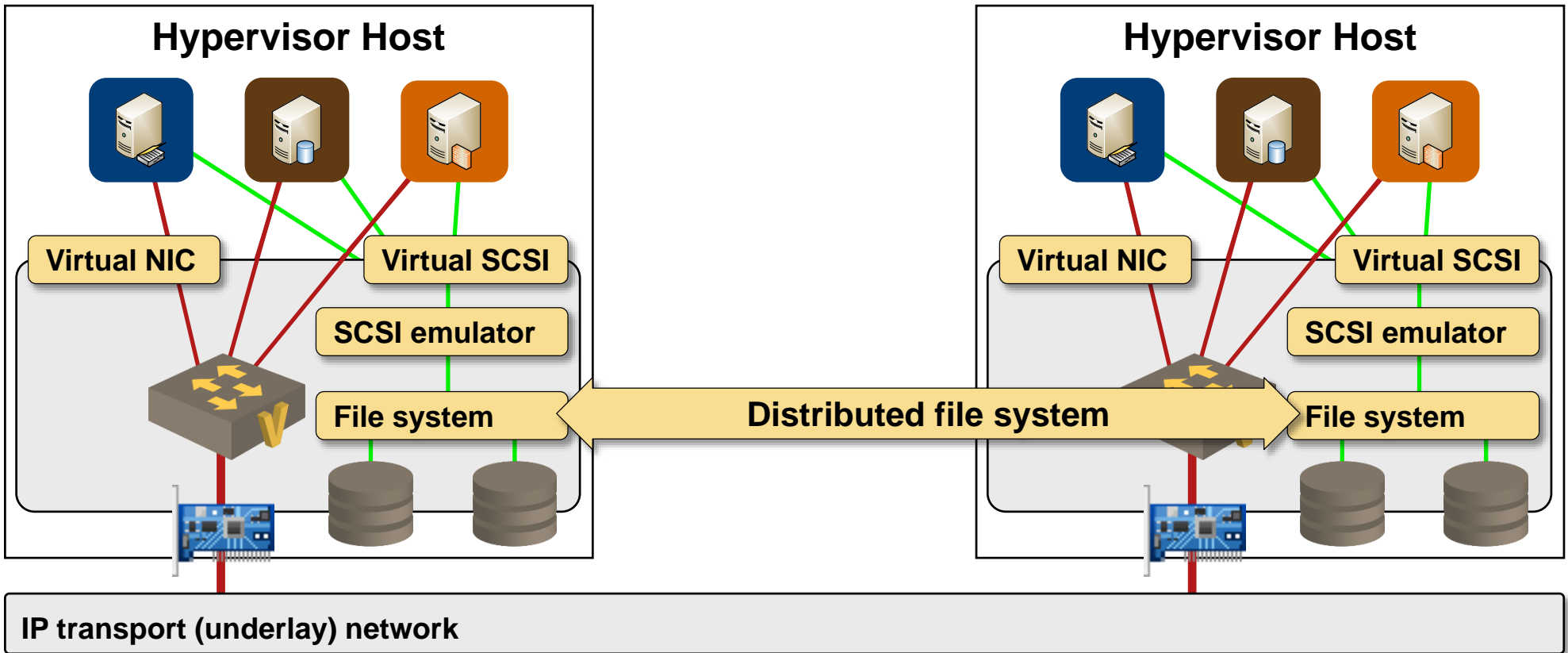
Use IP-based Storage

Replace FC/FCoE with iSCSI or NFS



Distributed File Systems

Distributed File Systems with DAS



- Each hypervisor uses local disks (DAS) and/or SSDs
- Global file system or object store with file replication between hypervisors nodes
- Examples: Ceph, GlusterFS, VMware VSAN, OpenStack Swift

Virtualize Network Services

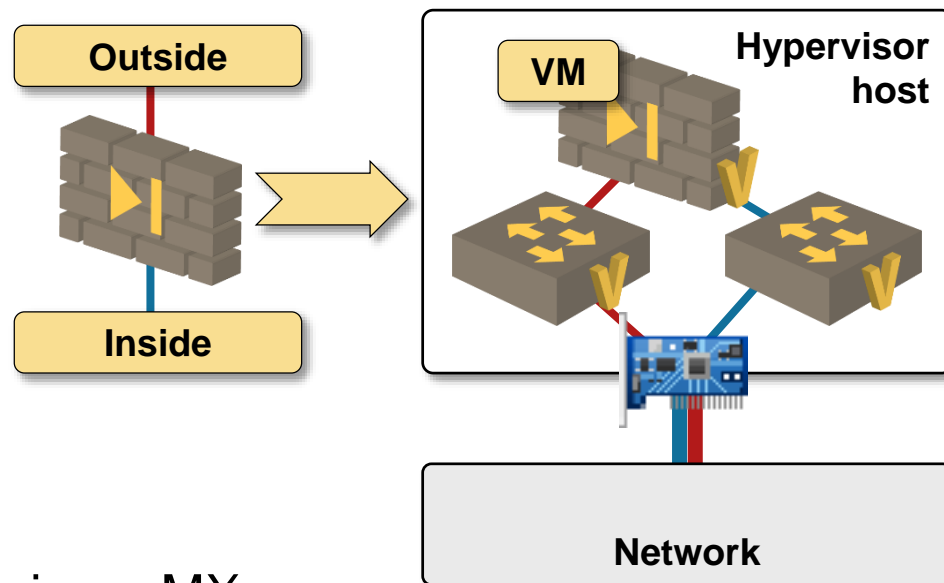
Virtual Appliances = Network Services in VM Format

Advantages

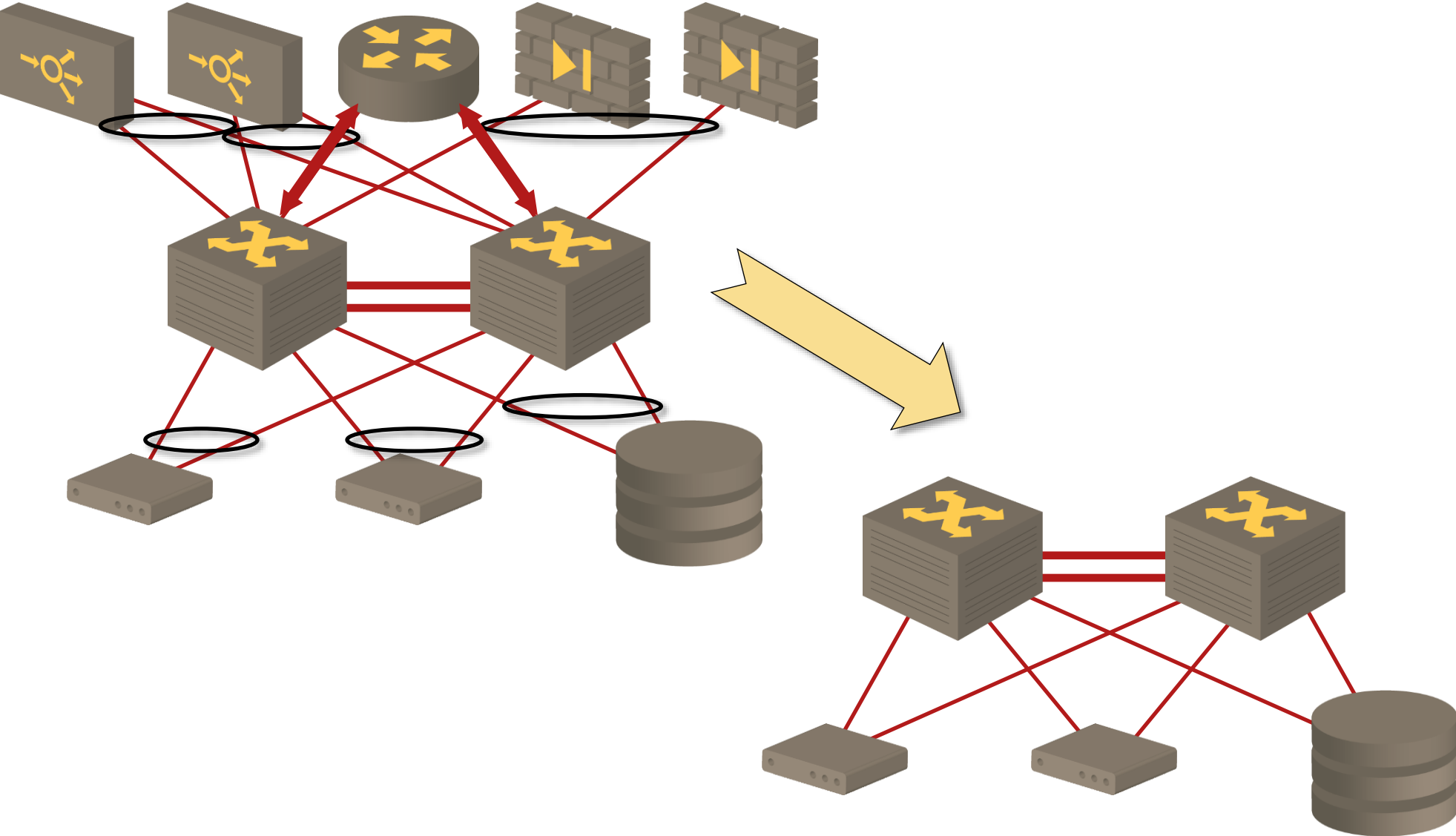
- Avoid hardware-dependent delays
- Increase flexibility and mobility
- Simplify disaster recovery
- Minimal time-to-deploy
- Minimize sparing

Sample products

- Routers: Brocade Vyatta, Cisco CSR, Juniper vMX
- Firewall: pfSense, Juniper vSRX, Palo Alto, Vyatta, vShield Edge (VMware), vASA (Cisco)
- Load balancer: BIG-IP VTM (F5), Zeus Traffic Manager (now Riverbed), vShield Edge (VMware), Embrane, LineRate Systems (now F5), Citrix NetScaler

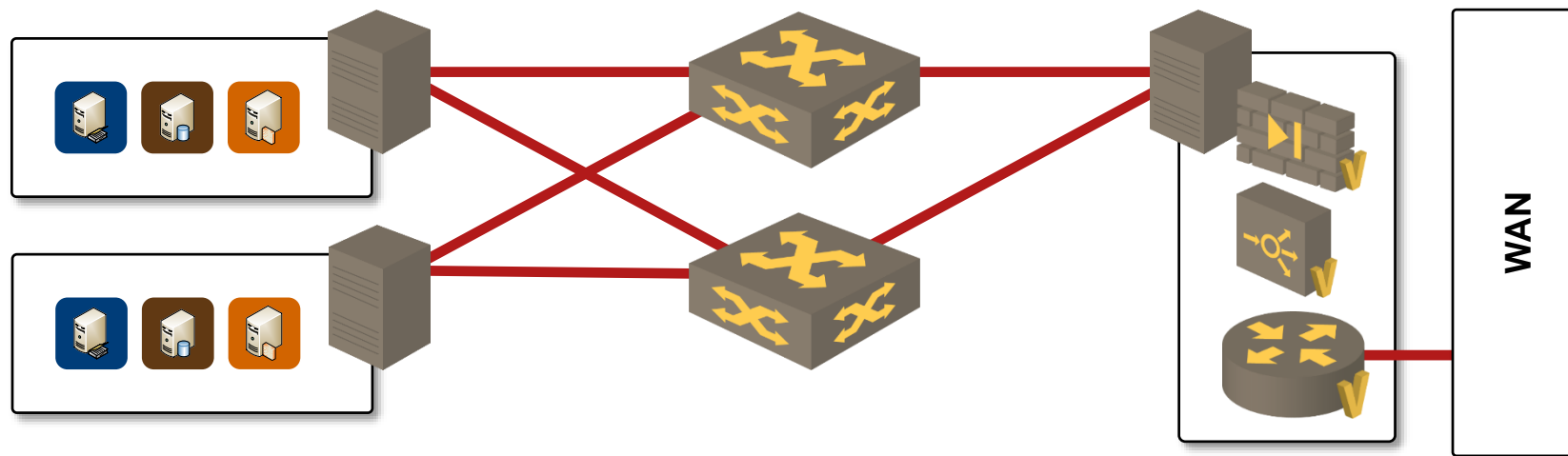


Virtualize the Appliances



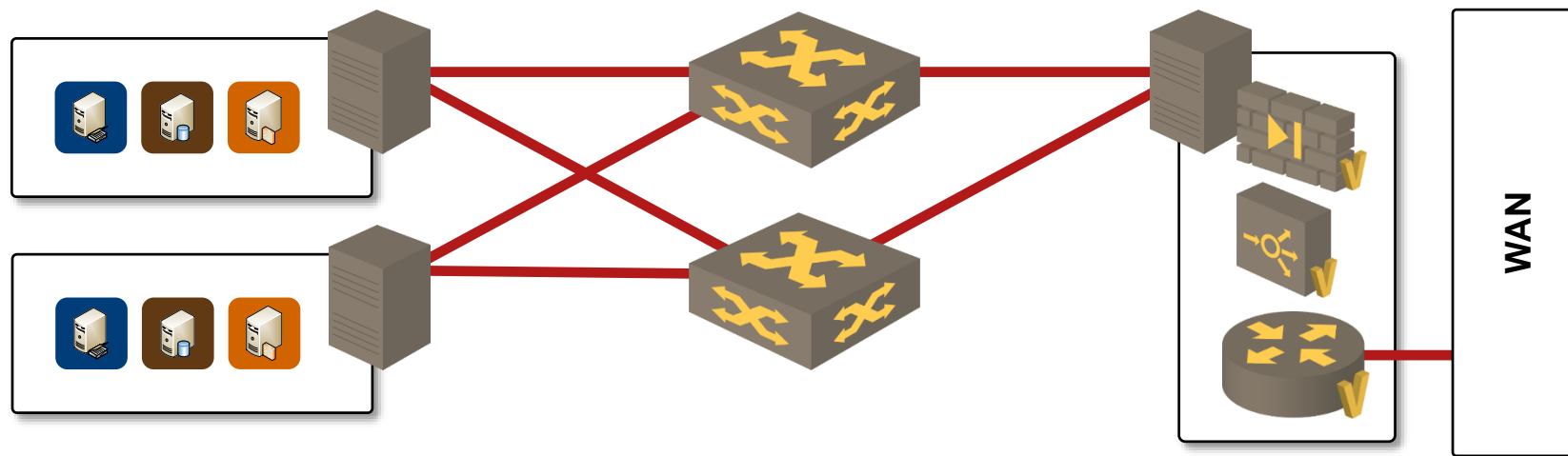
Final Result

Going All Virtual



- All servers are virtualized → small number of hypervisor hosts
- Distributed file system → no extra storage components
- Virtualized appliances → only two hardware components

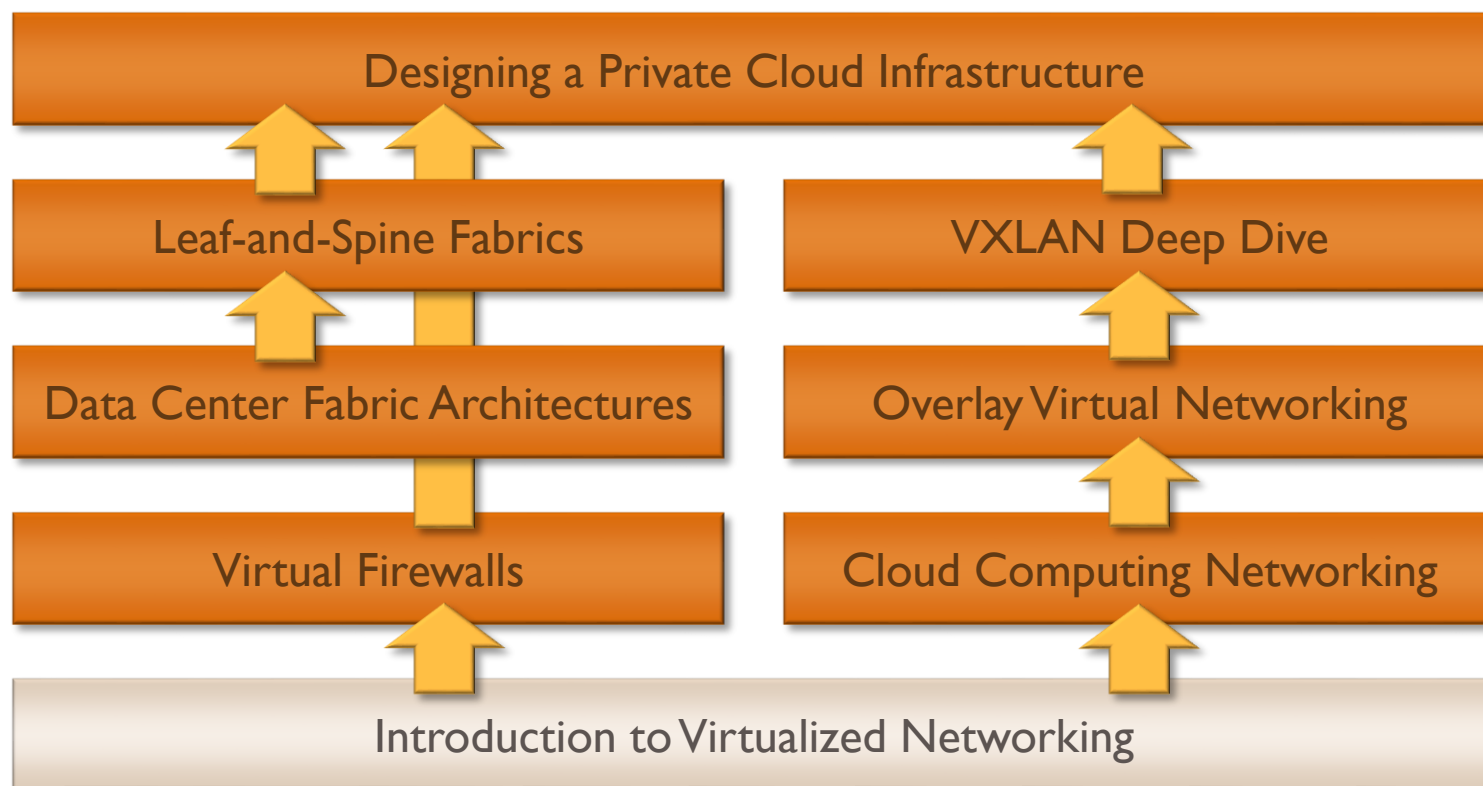
Will It Work?



- 1500 VMs in 28 RU (56 blade hosts)
<http://virtual-red-dot.info/1000-vm-per-rack-is-the-new-minimum/>
- Cisco Nexus 93120 has 96 10GE ports

Conclusion: Two switches is all you need to build a data center

Cloud Computing Webinars on ipSpace.net



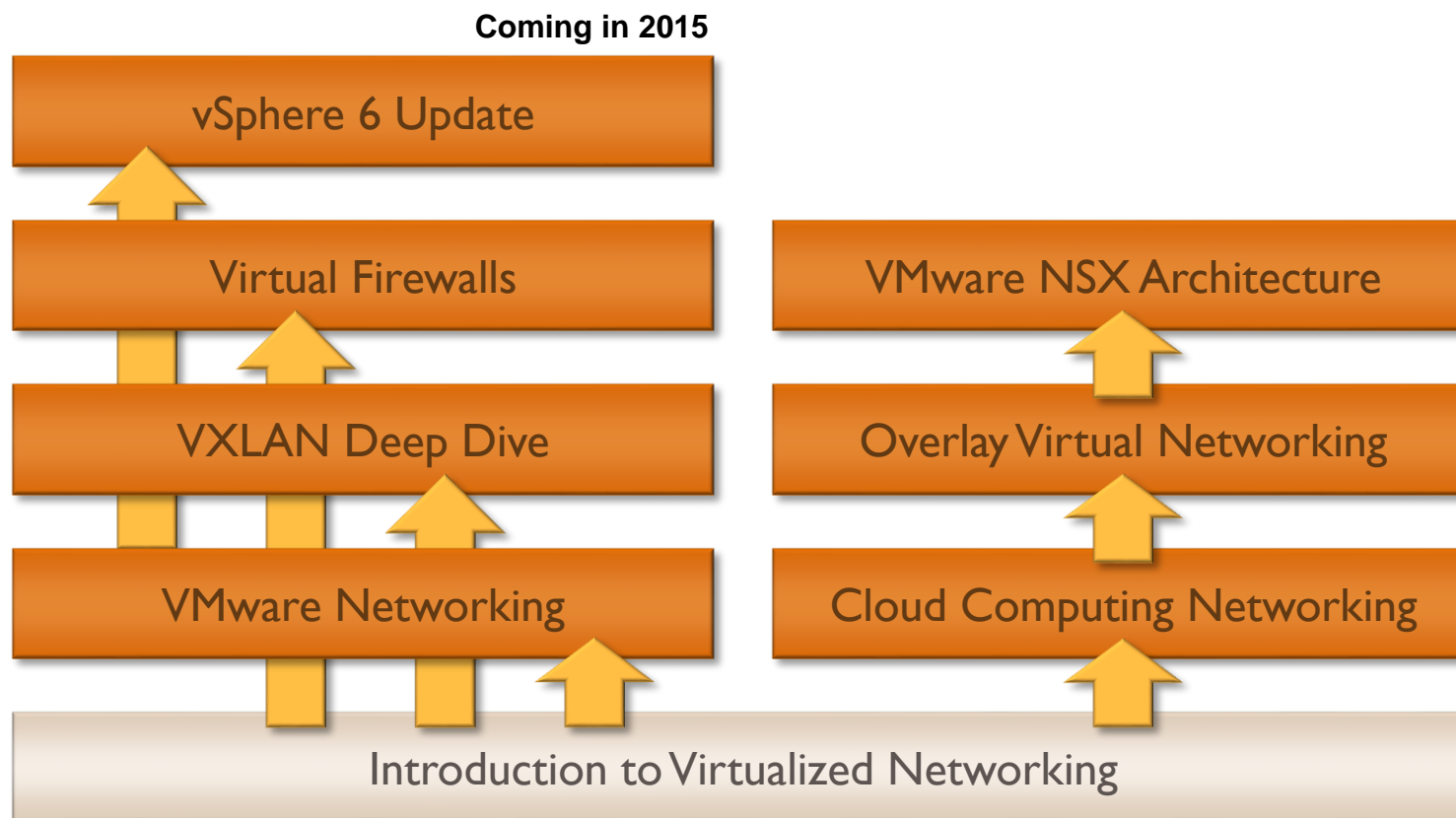
Availability

- Live sessions
- Recordings of individual webinars
- **Yearly subscription**

Other options

- Customized webinars
- ExpertExpress
- On-site workshops

Virtualization Webinars on ipSpace.net



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A young child stands on a floor map of Europe. The map is drawn on a grey tiled floor and includes labels for 'Paris', 'London', and 'Brusset'. Three black network hardware devices, possibly routers or switches, are placed on the map. A dense network of colorful cables (red, yellow, green, blue, black) is connected to these devices and scattered across the floor. The child is wearing a white t-shirt with red sleeves and dark pants. The scene is set in a room with a grey tiled floor and a circular vent in the floor.

Questions?

Send them to ip@ipSpace.net or [@ioshints](https://twitter.com/ioshints)